- 12. The real part of $\frac{2i^{12}+3i^{13}+4i^{14}+5i^{15}+6i^{16}}{1-i}$ is
 - A. -8
 - **B.** 2
 - **C.** 6
 - **D.** 16

[2018-DSE-MATHS 2-36]

- 13. If a is a real number, then the real part of $\frac{4+i^5}{a+i} i^6$ is
 - A. $\frac{4a+1}{a^2-1}$
 - **B.** $\frac{4a+1}{a^2+1}$
 - C. $\frac{a^2+4a+2}{a^2-1}$

[2019-DSE-MATHS 2-34]

- 14. Define $z_1 = \frac{2+ki}{1+i}$ and $z_2 = \frac{k+5i}{2-i}$, where k is a real number. If the imaginary part of z_1 is equal to the imaginary part of z_2 , then $z_1 z_2 =$
 - A. -20
 - **B.** 0
 - **C.** 3
 - **D.** 10

[2020-DSE-MATHS 2-37]

Interest

1. It is agreed to repay a loan of \$1000, with interest at 81/2% per annum on the amount owing, in equal yearly instalments starting at the end of one year.

If this instalment is \$75, how long will it take to repay the loan?

- Within 5 years
- Between 5 and 10 years В.
- Between 10 and 15 years
- Between 15 and 20 years
- E.

[1972-CE-MATHS B1-4]

- 2. Mr. Wong puts \$10,000 into Bank X and he also puts \$10,000 into Bank Y. The simple interest per year from Bank X is \$50 more than that from Bank Y. If the interest rate of Bank Y is 5% per annum, what is the interest rate per annum of Bank X?
 - 10% A.
 - 7.5% B.
 - C. 5.5%
 - 5.05% D.
 - 4.5%

[1977-CE-MATHS 2-4]

- 3. If p are deposited in a bank at r% compound interest per annum compounded half-yearly, the amount after n years is
 - **A.** $p(1+\frac{r}{100})^n$.
 - **B.** $\$p \left(1 + \frac{r}{200}\right)^n$.
 - C. $p(1+\frac{r}{2})^{2n}$.
 - **D.** $\$p (1 + \frac{r}{100})^{2n}$.
 - **E.** $p(1+\frac{r}{200})^{2n}$.

[1977-CE-MATHS 2-17]

- 4. P amounts to Q in n years at simple interest. The rate per annum is
 - $\frac{100n(Q-P)}{P}$ %.
 - $\frac{100(Q-P)}{Q}$ %.
 - C.
 - $\frac{100(Q-P)}{nP} \% .$ $\frac{100(Q-P)}{nQ} \% .$ D.
 - $100[(\frac{Q}{P})^{\frac{1}{n}}-1]\%$.

[1980-CE-MATHS 2-33]

- 5. What will \$P amount to in 3 years' time if the interest is compounded monthly at 12% per annum?
 - **A.** $P(1+\frac{36}{100})$
 - **B.** $P(1+\frac{1}{100})^{36}$
 - C. $P(1+\frac{12}{100})^{36}$
 - **D.** $$P(1+\frac{12}{100})^3$
 - E. $P(1 + \frac{1}{100})^3$

[1982-CE-MATHS 2-9]

- 6. \$10000 is invested for 2 years at 10% per compounded half-yearly. annum, compound interest, correct to the nearest dollar,
 - \$12 155.
 - \$2 155.
 - C. \$2 100.
 - D. \$2 000.
 - E. \$1 025.

[1984-CE-MATHS 2-9]

- 7. If the compound interest on \$1000 for two years at 9% p.a., payable half-yearly is x, find x.
 - **A.** $1000 \times \frac{9}{100} \times 2$
 - **B.** $1000 \left(1 + \frac{9}{100}\right)^4$
 - C. $1000 \left(1 + \frac{4.5}{100}\right)^4$
 - **D.** $1000 (1 + \frac{9}{100})^2 1000$
 - **E.** $1000 (1 + \frac{4.5}{100})^4 1000$

[1986-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 8. Find, correct to the nearest dollar, compound interest on \$10000 at 8% p.a. for 4 years, compound half-yearly.
 - \$3 200 A.
 - В. \$3 605
 - C. \$3 686
 - D. \$13 200
 - \$13 686 E.

[1987-CE-MATHS 2-15]

- 9. Find the difference between simple interest and compound interest (compounded annually) on a loan of \$1000 for 4 years at 6% per annum. (The answer should be correct to the nearest dollar.)
 - A. \$22
 - **B.** \$196
 - C. \$540
 - **D.** \$760
 - E. \$1022

[1988-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 10. At the beginning of a year, a man borrows \$1000 from a bank at 5% per annum, compounded yearly. He promises to repay \$300 at the end of each year. How much will he still owe the bank just after the second repayment?
 - A. \$402.5
 - **B.** \$450
 - C. \$487.5
 - **D.** \$500
 - **E.** \$502.5

[1989-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 11. Find the amount (correct to the nearest dollar) of \$10000 at 12% p.a., compounded monthly, for 2 years.
 - A. 10 201
 - **B.** 12 400
 - C. 12 544
 - D. 12 697
 - E. 151 786

[1990-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 12. A man borrows \$10000 from a bank at 12% per annum compounded monthly. He repays the bank \$2000 at the end of each month. How much does he still owe the bank just after the second repayment?
 - A. \$6181
 - **B.** \$6200
 - **C.** \$6201
 - **D.** \$8304
 - E. \$8400

[1991-CE-MATHS 2-15]

- 13. A sum of \$10000 is deposited at 4% p.a., compounded yearly. Find the interest earned in the second year.
 - **A.** \$16
 - **B.** \$400
 - C. \$416
 - **D.** \$800
 - E. \$816

[1992-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 14. Which of the following gives the compound interest on \$10000 at 6% p.a. for one year, compounded monthly?
 - **A.** $$10\,000 \times \frac{0.06}{12} \times 12$
 - **B.** $$10\,000\,(1.06^{12}-1)$
 - C. $$10000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{12}\right)^{12}$
 - **D.** $$10\,000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{0.06}{12} \right)^{12} 1 \right]$
 - **E.** \$10000 $\left[\left(1 + \frac{0.6}{12} \right)^{12} 1 \right]$

[1993-CE-MATHS 2-43]

- 15. Find the interest on P at P0 p.a. for n years, compounded half-yearly.
 - **A.** $P(1 + 2r\%)^n P$
 - **B.** $P(1 + r\%)^n P$
 - C. $P(1 + r\%)^{2n} P$
 - **D.** $\$P(1+\frac{r}{2}\%)^n-\P
 - **E.** $P(1 + \frac{r}{2}\%)^{2n} P$

[1995-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 16. Find the interest on \$10 000 at 16% per annum for 2 years, compounded half-yearly. Give the answer correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$1664
 - **B.** \$3456
 - C. \$3605
 - D. \$7424
 - **E.** \$8106

[1997-CE-MATHS 2-38]

- 17. A bank offers loans at an interest rate of 18% per annum, compounded monthly. A man took a loan of \$20000 and repays the bank in monthly instalments of \$4000. Find the outstanding balance after his first instalment.
 - A. \$16000
 - **B.** \$16240
 - C. \$16300
 - **D.** \$18880
 - E. \$19600

[2001-CE-MATHS 2-16]

- 18. The simple interest on a sum of money at r% p.a. for 4 years is equal to the compound interest on the same amount at 4% p.a. for 4 years compounded half-yearly. The value of r, correct to 2 significant figures, is
 - **A.** 2.1.
 - **B.** 4.2.
 - C. 4.3.
 - **D.** 9.2.

[2002-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 19. A sum of \$8 000 is deposited at 1% p.a., compounded yearly. Find the interest earned after 4 years. Give the answer correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$303
 - **B.** \$320
 - C. \$324
 - **D.** \$325

[2003-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- A sum of \$14000 is deposited at 4% per annum for 5 years, compounded yearly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$2378
 - B. \$2800
 - **C.** \$3 033
 - **D.** \$3 034

[2006-CE-MATHS 2-11]

- 21. A sum of \$30000 is deposited at an interest rate of 12% per annum for 4 years, compounded monthly. Find the amount correct to the nearest dollar.
 - **A.** \$44400
 - **B.** \$47206
 - C. \$48141
 - **D.** \$48367

[2007-CE-MATHS 2-11]

- 22. A sum of \$30000 is deposited at an interest rate of 5% per annum for 2 years, compounded yearly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$3000
 - B. \$3075
 - C. \$3114
 - **D.** \$3 122

[2009-CE-MATHS 2-11]

- 23. A sum of \$40 000 is deposited at an interest rate of 4% per annum for 3 years, compounded quarterly. Find the amount correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$44800
 - **B.** \$44995
 - C. \$45 046
 - **D.** \$45 073

[2010-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 24. A sum of \$15000 is deposited at an interest rate of 6% per annum for 10 years, compounded monthly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$9000
 - **B.** \$11863
 - C. \$12291
 - D. \$27291

[2011-CE-MATHS 2-10]

Price

- 25. A hawker sells eggs. The selling price of one dozen eggs is equal to the cost price of 20 eggs. What is his profit per cent?
 - A. 20%
 - **B.** $33\frac{1}{3}\%$
 - C. 40%
 - **D.** 60%
 - E. $66\frac{2}{3}\%$

[1978-CE-MATHS 2-36]

- 26. The cost price of tooth-brushes is \$18 per dozen. At what price must each one be sold in order that the profit made is 40% of the cost price?
 - A. \$2.40
 - **B.** \$2.10
 - C. \$1.90
 - **D.** \$1.50
 - **E.** \$1.30

[1979-CE-MATHS 2-20]

- 27. A man sold a car for \$35,000 at a loss of 30% on the cost price. What would have been the loss or gain percent if he had sold it for \$50,500?
 - A. A gain of 10%
 - B. A gain of 1%
 - C. No gain nor loss
 - **D.** A loss of 10%
 - E. A loss of 1%

[1980-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 28. The marked price of a book is x. 30% of this price is profit. If the book is sold at a discount of 20%, what will the profit then
 - \$0.04xA.
 - В. \$0.06x
 - C. \$0.1x
 - \$0.24xD.
 - E. \$0.56x

[1981-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 29. A merchant sold 100 chairs. 80 of them were sold at a profit of 30% on each chair, while 20 of them were sold at a loss of 40% on each chair. What is his percentage gain or loss on the whole stock?
 - A loss of 80%
 - A loss of 10%
 - C. A gain of 8%
 - A gain of 16%
 - A gain of 24%

[1981-CE-MATHS 2-17]

- 30. The marked price of a book is \$240. If the book is sold at a discount of 20%, the profit will be 20% of the cost price. What is the cost price of the book?
 - \$153.6 A.
 - \$160 В.
 - C. \$192
 - D. \$200
 - E. \$240

[1982-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 31. A man marks his goods at a price that will bring him a profit of 25% on the cost price. If he wants to sell his goods to a friend at the cost price, the percentage discount on the marked price should be
 - 25%.
 - В. 20%.
 - $16\frac{2}{3}\%$. C.
 - D. 15%.
 - 12%.

[1983-CE-MATHS 2-15]

- 32. A merchant sold 2 articles each at \$1000. For the first article, he gained 25% on the cost price. For the second article, he lost 20% on the cost price. Altogether
 - he gained \$100. A.
 - he gained \$50.
 - he lost \$100.
 - D. he lost \$50.
 - E. he lost \$48.

[1983-CE-MATHS 2-42]

- 33. The marked price of a book is 20% above the cost price. If the book is sold at a discount of 10% off the marked price, what is the gain per cent based on the cost price?
 - A. 8%
 - B. 10%
 - C. 12%
 - D. 18%
 - None of the above.

[1984-CE-MATHS 2-16]

- 34. A hawker bought 120 apples and the cost was \$90. It was found that $\frac{1}{8}$ of the apples were rotten and could not be sold. He sold the rest at \$1 each. What percentage of the cost was the profit?
 - **A.** $11\frac{1}{9}\%$

 - C. $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ D. $28\frac{4}{7}\%$

 - E. $33\frac{1}{3}\%$

[1985-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 35. The marked price of a book is double that of its cost. In a sale, what percentage discount was given if the profit made was 20% of the cost?
 - 10%
 - В. 20%
 - C. 30%
 - 40% D.
 - 50%

[1985-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 36. The marked price of an article is originally P. The marked price is then increased so that when a discount of 10% is made on the new marked price, the selling price is still P. What is the new marked price?
 - **A.** $\frac{9}{10}P$
 - **B.** $\frac{109}{100}P$
 - C. $\frac{11}{10}P$
 - **D.** $\frac{111}{100}P$

[1986-CE-MATHS 2-39]

- 37. If the selling price of 5 pens is the same as the cost price of 6 pens, the percentage profit in selling a pen will be
 - **A.** $16\frac{2}{3}\%$.
 - **B.** 20%.
 - C. 60%.
 - **D.** $116\frac{2}{3}\%$
 - E. 120%.

[1987-CE-MATHS 2-16]

- 38. Peter bought an article for \$x. He sold it to Mary at a profit of 20%. Mary then sold it to John for \$90 at a loss of 25%. Find x.
 - **A.** 56.25
 - **B.** 81
 - C. 90
 - **D.** 100
 - E. 144

[1987-CE-MATHS 2-35]

- 39. If a flat is sold for \$720000, the gain is 20%. Find the percentage loss if the flat is sold for \$540000.
 - **A.** 5%
 - **B.** $6\frac{1}{4}\%$
 - C. 10%
 - **D.** $11\frac{1}{9}\%$
 - E. $33\frac{1}{3}\%$

[1990-CE-MATHS 2-15]

- 40. P sold an article to Q at a profit of 25%. Q sold it to R also at a profit of 25%. If Q gained \$500, how much did P gain?
 - A. \$250
 - **B.** \$320
 - C. \$333
 - **D.** \$400
 - **E.** \$500

[1991-CE-MATHS 2-43]

- 41. By selling an article at 10% discount off the marked price, a shop still makes 20% profit. If the cost price of the article is \$19800, then the marked price is
 - **A.** \$21 600.
 - **B.** \$26 136.
 - C. \$26400.
 - **D.** \$27 225.
 - E. \$27 500.

[1992-CE-MATHS 2-44]

- 42. A merchant marks his goods 25% above the cost. He allows 10% discount on the marked price for a cash sale. Find the percentage profit the merchant makes for a cash sale.
 - A. 12.5%
 - **B.** 15%
 - C. 22.5%
 - **D.** 35%
 - E. 37.5%

[1993-CE-MATHS 2-18]

- 43. A wholesaler sells an article to a retailer at a profit of 20%. The retailer sells it to a customer for \$3 600 at a profit of \$720. Find the original cost of the article to the wholesaler.
 - A. \$2304
 - **B.** \$2400
 - **C.** \$2880
 - **D.** \$3000
 - E. \$3456

[1994-CE-MATHS 2-10]

- 44. The marked price of a toy is \$120 and the percentage profit is 60%. If the toy is sold at a discount of 20%, the profit is
 - A. \$14.40.
 - **B.** \$21.00.
 - C. \$24.00.
 - **D.** \$33.60.
 - E. \$48.00.

[1995-CE-MATHS 2-44]

- 45. Shop A offers a 10% discount on a book marked at \$P\$. Shop B offers a 15% discount on the same book marked at \$Q\$. If the selling price of the book is the same in both shops, express Q in terms of P.
 - **A.** Q = P + 5
 - **B.** $Q = \frac{17}{18}P$
 - **C.** $Q = \frac{20}{21}P$
 - **D.** $Q = \frac{21}{20}P$
 - **E.** $Q = \frac{18}{17}P$

[1996-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 46. A man bought a box of 200 apples for \$500. 10 of the apples were rotten and the rest were sold at \$4 each. Find his percentage profit correct to 2 significant figures.
 - A. 34%
 - **B.** 38%
 - C. 52%
 - **D.** 57%
 - E. 60%

[1998-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 47. A man bought two books at \$30 and \$70 respectively. He sold the first one at a profit of 20% and the second one at a loss of 10%. On the whole, he
 - A. lost 1%.
 - B. lost 10%.
 - C. gained 1%.
 - **D.** gained 10%.
 - E. gained 13%.

[2000-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 48. The cost price of a toy is \$100 and the marked price is \$140. If the toy is sold at 10% discount of the marked price, the profit is
 - A. \$26.
 - B. \$30.
 - C. \$36.
 - D. \$50.

[2002-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 49. The marked price of a book is 20% above the cost. If the book is sold at a 10% discount on the marked price, then the percentage profit is
 - A. 2%.
 - **B.** 8%.
 - C. 10%.
 - **D.** 18%.

[2004-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 50. Peter sold two flats for \$999,999 each. He lost 10% on one and gained 10% on the other. After the two transactions, Peter
 - A. gained \$10101.
 - B. gained \$20202.
 - C. lost \$10101.
 - D. lost \$20202.

[2005-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 51. The marked price of a car is 50% higher than the cost. If the car is sold at a 20% discount on the marked price, then the percentage profit is
 - A. 10%.
 - B. 20%.
 - C. 30%.
 - **D.** 40%.

[2006-CE-MATHS 2-10]

- 52. The marked price of a bag is \$900. If the bag is sold at the marked price, then the percentage profit is 50%. If the bag is sold at a 20% discount on the marked price, then the profit is
 - A. \$120.
 - **B.** \$180.
 - C. \$210.
 - **D.** \$270.

[2008-CE-MATHS 2-12]

- 53. If a dictionary is sold at its marked price, then the percentage profit is 30%. If the dictionary is sold at a 20% discount on its marked price, then the profit is \$5. Find the cost of the dictionary.
 - A. \$104
 - **B.** \$105
 - C. \$125
 - **D.** \$130

[2009-CE-MATHS 2-10]

- 54. If the price of a magazine is 60% higher than the price of a newspaper, then the price of the newspaper is
 - A. 37.5% lower than the price of the magazine.
 - B. 40% lower than the price of the magazine.
 - C. 60% lower than the price of the magazine.
 - **D.** 62.5% lower than the price of the magazine. [2010-CE-MATHS 2-13]

Miscellaneous

- 55. A vessel contains 1,000 cm³ of liquid A. 250 cm³ of liquid B is added and the two liquids are thoroughly mixed. If 500 cm³ of the mixture is now removed, how many percent of the remaining mixture is liquid B?
 - A. 20
 - **B.** 25
 - C. $33\frac{1}{3}$
 - **D.** 40
 - **E.** 50

[1977-CE-MATHS 2-3]

- 56. A new machine costs \$10 000. Its value depreciates each year by 20% of the value at the beginning of that year. What is its value after it has been in use for 3 years?
 - A. \$4 000
 - **B.** \$5 000
 - C. \$5 120
 - **D.** \$6 000
 - E. \$7 000

[1979-CE-MATHS 2-21]

- 57. A driver wishes to reduce his travelling time by 20%. By what percentage must he increase the speed of his car?
 - A. 20%
 - **B.** $22\frac{1}{2}\%$
 - C. 25%
 - D. 75%
 - E. 80%

[1979-CE-MATHS 2-39]

- 58. A group consists of n boys and n girls. If two of the girls are replaced by two other boys, then 51% of the group members will be boys. What is n?
 - A. 50
 - **B.** 51
 - C. 52
 - **D.** 100
 - **E.** 102

[1981-CE-MATHS 2-14]

- 59. A child spent $\frac{1}{10}$ of his savings on a shirt and $\frac{1}{5}$ of his savings on a pair of trousers. He then spent 30% of the rest of his savings on books. What percentage of his savings did he spend altogether?
 - **A.** 49.6%
 - **B.** 50.4%
 - **C.** 51%
 - **D.** 58%
 - **E.** 60%

[1982-CE-MATHS 2-10]

- 60. The rent of a flat is raised by 30% every two years beginning from a fixed date. Counting from that date, after how many years will the rent just exceed twice the original rent?
 - A. 4 years
 - B. 5 years
 - C. 6 years
 - D. 7 years
 - E. Over 7 years

[1982-CE-MATHS 2-11]

- 61. Coffee A and coffee B are mixed in the ratio 1:2. A profit of 20% on the cost price is made by selling the mixture at \$36/kg. If the cost price of A is \$12/kg, what is the cost of B?
 - A. \$18/kg
 - **B.** \$24/kg
 - C. \$39/kg
 - **D.** \$48/kg
 - **E.** \$66/kg

[1982-CE-MATHS 2-16]

- 62. It took Paul 40 minutes to walk from Town A to Town B. If the return journey took him 30 minutes, the percentage increase in his speed was
 - A. 10%.
 - **B.** $16\frac{2}{3}\%$.
 - C. 25%.
 - **D.** $33\frac{1}{3}\%$.
 - E. 40%.

[1983-CE-MATHS 2-41]

- 63. Last year, a man saved 10% of his income. By how much per cent must his income be increased if his expenditure increases by 20% and he wants to save 20% of his income?
 - A. 50%
 - **B.** 35%
 - C. 30%
 - **D.** 20%
 - E. 15%

[1984-CE-MATHS 2-40]

- 64. 60% of the students in a school are boys. 70% of the boys and 40% of the girls wear glasses. If 696 students wear glasses, how many students are there in the school?
 - A. 1200
 - **B.** 1050
 - **C.** 808
 - **D.** 849
 - **E.** 800

[1985-CE-MATHS 2-15]

- 65. A number is first reduced by p% and then increased by x%. If the number so obtained is the same as the original number, then x =
 - **A.** p.
 - **B.** $\frac{p}{100}$.
 - C. $\frac{p}{1-p}$.
 - **D.** $\frac{100}{100-p}$
 - E. $\frac{100p}{100-p}$

[1985-CE-MATHS 2-41]

- 66. Ten litres of a mixture contain 60% of alcohol and 40% of water by volume. How many litres of water should be added so that it contains 30% of alcohol by volume?
 - **A.** 5
 - **B.** 10
 - C. 15
 - **D.** 20
 - E. 30

[1986-CE-MATHS 2-41]

67. Last year, the cost of a school magazine consisted of:

cost of paper \$8

cost of printing \$5

cost of binding \$3

This year, the cost of paper will increase by 25% and the cost of printing will increase by 40% while the cost of binding will remain unchanged. The cost of a school magazine will increase by

- A. 20%.
- **B.** 25%.
- C. 27.5%.
- D. 32.5%.
- E. 65%.

[1988-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 68. X sells an article to Y at a profit. Y then sells it to Z for \$60 at a profit of 20%. If X had sold the article directly to Z for \$60 much MORE profit would be have made?
 - A. \$10
 - **B.** \$12
 - C. \$48
 - **D.** \$50
 - E. It cannot be found.

[1988-CE-MATHS 2-41]

- 69. A car travels from P to Q. If its speed is increased by k%, then the time it takes to travel the same distance is reduced by
 - A. k%.
 - **B.** $\frac{100}{k}$ %
 - C. $\frac{100k}{100+k}$ %.
 - **D.** $\frac{k}{100+k}$ %
 - $E. \quad \frac{k}{100-k}\%.$

[1988-CE-MATHS 2-42]

- 70. A bag contains *n* balls of which 60% are red and 40% are white. After 10 red balls are taken out from the bag, the percentage of red balls becomes 50%. Find *n*.
 - A. 20
 - **B.** 40
 - C. 50
 - **D.** 60
 - E. 100

[1988-CE-MATHS 2-43]

- 71. If A is greater than B by 20% and B is smaller than C by 30%, then
 - A. A is smaller than C by 16%.
 - **B.** A is smaller than C by 6%.
 - C. A is greater than C by 6%.
 - **D.** A is greater than C by 10%.
 - **E.** A is greater than C by 16%.

[1989-CE-MATHS 2-13]

- 72. If A is 30% greater than B and B is 30% less than C, then
 - A. A is 9% less than C.
 - **B.** C is 9% less than A.
 - \mathbf{C} . A = C.
 - **D.** A is 9% greater than C.
 - **E.** C is 9% greater than A.

[1990-CE-MATHS 2-42]

- 73. 3 kg of a solution contains 40% of alcohol by weight. How many alcohol should be added to contain a solution containing 50% of alcohol by weight?
 - **A.** 0.3 kg
 - **B.** 0.6 kg
 - C. 0.75 kg
 - **D.** 1.5 kg
 - **E.** 3.75 kg

[1991-CE-MATHS 2-42]

- 74. Originally $\frac{2}{3}$ of the students in a class failed in an examination. After taking a reexamination, 40% of the failed students passed. Find the total pass percentage of the class.
 - **A.** $26\frac{2}{3}\%$
 - **B.** $33\frac{1}{3}\%$
 - C. 40%
 - **D.** 60%
 - E. $73\frac{1}{3}\%$

[1993-CE-MATHS 2-44]

- 75. Mr Chan bought a car for \$143900. If the value goes down by 10% each year, find its value at the end of the third year. (Give your answer correct to the nearest hundred dollars.)
 - A. \$94400
 - **B.** \$100700
 - C. \$104900
 - D. \$115100
 - E. \$116600

[1994-CE-MATHS 2-9]

- 76. There are 1200 students in a school, of which 640 are boys and 560 are girls. If 55% of the boys and 40% of the girls wear glasses, what percentage of students in the school wear glasses?
 - **A.** 47%
 - **B.** 47.5%
 - C. 48%
 - **D.** 52%
 - E. 53%

[1997-CE-MATHS 2-10]

- 77. In a class, students study either History or Geography, but not both. If the number of students studying Geography is 50% more than those studying History, what is the percentage of students studying History?
 - **A.** 25%
 - **B.** $33\frac{1}{3}\%$
 - C. 40%
 - **D.** 60%
 - E. $66\frac{2}{3}\%$

[1999-CE-MATHS 2-11]

- 78. 40% of the students in a class failed in a test. They had to sit for another test in which 70% of them failed again. Find the percentage of students who failed in both tests.
 - **A.** 10%
 - B. 12%
 - C. 18%
 - D. 28%
 - E. 30%

[2001-CE-MATHS 2-27]

- 79. John's daily working hours have increased from 8 hours to 10 hours but his hourly pay has decreased by 25%. Find the percentage change in John's daily income.
 - A. A decrease of 6.67%
 - B. A decrease of 6.25%
 - C. 0%
 - D. An increase of 6.67%

[2003-CE-MATHS 2-11]

- 80. If the bus fare is increased from \$4 to \$5, then the percentage increase of the fare is
 - A. 20%.
 - **B.** 25%.
 - C. 80%.
 - D. 125%.

[2007-CE-MATHS 2-10]

HKDSE Problems

- 81. Mary sold two bags for \$240 each. She gained 20% on one and lost 20% on the other. After the two transactions, Mary
 - A. lost \$20.
 - **B.** gained \$10.
 - C. gained \$60.
 - D. had no gain and no loss.

[SP-DSE-MATHS 2-10]

- 82. Peter invests \$P\$ at the beginning of each month in a year at an interest rate of 6% per annum, compounded monthly. If he gets \$10,000 at the end of the year, find P correct to 2 decimal places.
 - **A.** 806.63
 - **B.** 829.19
 - C. 833.33
 - **D.** 882.18

[SP-DSE-MATHS 2-39]

- 83. John buys a vase for \$1600. He then sells the vase to Susan at a profit of 20%. At what price should Susan sell the vase in order to have a profit of 20%?
 - A. \$2240
 - **B.** \$2304
 - C. \$2400
 - D. \$2500

[PP-DSE-MATHS 2-10]

- 84. In a company, 37.5% of the employees are female. If 60% of the male employees and 80% of the female employees are married, then the percentage of married employees in the company is
 - A. 32.5%.
 - **B.** 45%.
 - C. 55%.
 - **D.** 67.5%.

[2012-DSE-MATHS 2-8]

- 85. Susan sells two cars for \$80 080 each. She gains 30% on one and loses 30% on the other. After the two transactions, Susan
 - A. loses \$15840.
 - **B.** gains \$5544.
 - C. gains \$10296.
 - D. has no gain and no loss.

[2013-DSE-MATHS 2-10]

- 86. A sum of \$50 000 is deposited at an interest rate of 8% per annum for 1 year, compounded monthly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$4000
 - **B.** \$4122
 - C. \$4143
 - D. \$4150

[2013-DSE-MATHS 2-11]

- 87. There are 792 workers in a factory. If the number of male workers is 20% less than that of female workers, then the number of male workers is
 - **A.** 352.
 - **B.** 360.
 - C. 432.
 - **D.** 440.

[2014-DSE-MATHS 2-9]

- 88. If the price of a souvenir is increased by 70% and then decreased by 60%, find the percentage change in the price of the souvenir.
 - A. -58%
 - **B.** −32%
 - C. 2%
 - **D.** 10%

[2015-DSE-MATHS 2-9]

- 89. A sum of \$50000 is deposited at an interest rate of 6% per annum for 3 years, compounded quarterly. Find the amount correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$59000
 - **B.** \$59551
 - C. \$59755
 - **D.** \$59781

[2015-DSE-MATHS 2-10]

- 90. The monthly salary of Donald is 25% higher than that of Peter while the monthly salary of Peter is 25% lower than that of Teresa. It is given that the monthly salary of Donald is \$33360. The monthly salary of Teresa is
 - A. \$31275.
 - **B.** \$33360.
 - C. \$35584.
 - **D.** \$52 125.

[2016-DSE-MATHS 2-10]

- 91. A sum of \$2000 is deposited at an interest rate of 5% per annum for 4 years, compounded half-yearly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$400
 - **B.** \$431
 - C. \$437
 - **D.** \$440

[2017-DSE-MATHS 2-10]

- 92. A sum of \$100 000 is deposited at an interest rate of 2% per annum for 3 years, compounded monthly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$6 000
 - B. \$6121
 - C. \$6176
 - D. \$6178

[2018-DSE-MATHS 2-9]

- 93. A sum of \$65 000 is deposited at an interest rate of 7% per annum for 8 years, compounded quarterly. Find the amount correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$101 400
 - **B.** \$111 682
 - C. \$113 244
 - **D.** \$113 609

[2019-DSE-MATHS 2-11]

- 94. The cost of a toy is x% lower than its selling price. After selling the toy, the percentage profit is 25%. Find x.
 - A. 20
 - **B.** 25
 - C. 75
 - **D.** 80

[2020-DSE-MATHS 2-9]